Topic	Learning Objectives	Assessments	Teaching Method
Postmenopausal masses	Outline the approach to a patient with an adnexal mass	OB/Gyn Shelf Exam	Small group
	Compare characteristics of functional cysts, benign ovarian neoplasms and ovarian	Integrated Clinical	
	cancers	Exam	
	Describe the symptoms and physical findings associated with ovarian cancer	Session Attendance	
	List the risk factors for ovarian cancer	OSCE	
	Describe the three histological categories of ovarian neoplasm.		
Cervical Cancer	Describe the pathophysiology behind cervical cancer		
	Describe the symptoms and physical findings of a patient with cervical cancer		
Perimenopausal Bleeding	Outline the causes, diagnosis and management of postmenopausal bleeding		
	Identify risk factors for endometrial hyperplasia/carcinoma		
	Describe the symptoms and physical findings of a patient with endometrial		
	hyperplasia/cancer		
Abnormal Pap Smear	Identify risk factors for cervical neoplasia and cancer		
	State the guidelines for cervical cancer screening		
	Describe the initial management of a patient with an abnormal Pap smear		
	Describe indications and complications of coloposcopy, cervical biopsy, cryotherpay,		
	LEEP, conization.		
Post-Operative	Describe the components of post-operative care		
Complications	Discuss common post-operative complications		
Alloimmunization	Describe the pathophysiology and diagnosis of alloimmunization		
	Describe the use of immunoglobulin prophylaxis during pregnancy for the prevention		
	of alloimmunization		
	Discuss the management of a patient with Rh-D sensitization in pregnancy		
Obstetrical Procedures	Describe the key components of preoperative evaluation and planning, including		
	history, physical examination, and informed consent (including risks, benefits, and		
	alternatives)		
	Describe common measures for the prevention of infection, deep vein thrombosis		
	and other perioperative complications		
	Describe key components of postoperative care		
	Discuss common postoperative complications		
	Describe the communication of operative findings and complications to patient and		
	family		

	Describe common outpatient and inpatient obstetrical procedures with their
	indications and possible complications: ultrasound, amniocentesis and chorionic
	villous sampling, intrapartum fetal surveillance, induction and augmentation of labor,
	spontaneous vaginal delivery, vaginal birth after Cesarean delivery, operative vaginal
	delivery, breech delivery, Cesarean delivery, postpartum tubal ligation, cerclage,
	newborn circumcision
Maternal-Fetal Physiology	Discuss the maternal physiologic and anatomic changes associated with pregnancy
	Describe fetal and placental physiology
	Interpret common diagnostic studies during pregnancy
Multifetal Gestation	List the risk factors for multifetal gestation
	Describe the embryology of multifetal gestation
	Describe the unique maternal and fetal physiologic changes associated with multifetal
	gestation
	Describe diagnosis and management of multifetal gestation
	Describe the potential maternal and fetal complications associated with multifetal
	gestation
Intrauterine Fetal Demise	Describe the symptoms and common causes of fetal demise in each trimester,
(IUFD)	including genetic and nutritional factors
	Describe the diagnostic methods to confirm the diagnosis and etiology of fetal demise
	Describe the medical and psychosocial management of a patient diagnosed with a
	fetal demise
	Outline the steps to disclose a diagnosis of fetal demise to a patient
	Identify factors unique to developing countries that may lead to fetal demise
Post term Pregnancy	Identify the normal duration of gestation
9	List the complications of prolonged gestation
	Describe the evaluation and evidence-based management options for prolonged
	gestation
	Review abnormal labor patterns
	Describe the causes and methods of evaluating abnormal labor patterns
	Discuss fetal and maternal complications of abnormal labor
Abnormal Labor	Review indications and contraindications for oxytocin administration
	Review risks and benefits of trial of labor after Cesarean delivery
	Review strategies for emergency management of Breech, shoulder dystocia and cord
	prolapse
Amenorrhea	Define amenorrhea and oligomenorrhea

	Explain the pathophysiology and identify the etiologies of amenorrhea and
	oligomenorrhea
	Describe the symptoms and physical examination findings of amenorrhea and
	oligomenorrhea
	Discuss the steps in the evaluation and management of amenorrhea and
	oligomenorrhea
	Describe the consequences of untreated amenorrhea and oligomenorrhea
	List the reasons why breast feeding should be encouraged
	List the normal physiologic and anatomic changes of the breast during pregnancy and
	postpartum
Benign Disorders of the	Describe the common challenges in the initiation and maintenance of lactation
Breast Breastfeeding	Describe the resources and approach to determining medication safety during breast
	feeding
	Recognize and know how to treat common postpartum abnormalities of the breast
	Define chronic pelvic pain
	Cite the prevalence and common etiologies of chronic pelvic pain
Chronic Pelvic Pain	Describe the symptoms and physical exam findings associated with chronic pelvic pain
	Discuss the psychosocial issues associated with chronic pelvic pain
	Discuss the steps in the evaluation and management options for chronic pelvic pain
	Describe the mechanism of action and effectiveness of contraceptive methods
	Counsel the patient regarding the benefits, risks, and use for each contraceptive
	method
Contraception/Sterilization	Describe barriers to effective contraceptive use and to the reduction of unintended
	pregnancy
	Describe the methods of male and female surgical sterilization
	List the risks and benefits of female surgical sterilization procedures
	Describe the theories of pathogenesis of endometriosis
Endometriosis	List the most common sites of endometriosis
	Describe the symptoms and physical exam findings in a patient with endometriosis
	Describe the diagnosis and management of endometriosis
	Develop a differential for first trimester vaginal bleeding
	Differentiate the types of spontaneous abortion (missed, complete, incomplete,
First Trimester Bleeding and Abortion	threatened, septic)
	Describe the causes of spontaneous abortion
	List the management options for spontaneous abortion
	Describe reasons for induced abortion
	List methods of induced abortion

	Understand the public health impact of the legal status of abortion
Gestational Trophoblastic Disease	Describe the symptoms and physical examination findings of a patient with GTD
	including molar pregnancy.
	Describe the diagnostic methods, treatment options and follow-up for GTD including
	molar pregnancy.
	Recognize the difference between molar pregnancy and malignant GTD.
Infertility	Define infertility
	Describe the causes of male and female infertility
	Describe the evaluation and initial management of an infertile couple
	List the psychosocial issues associated with infertility
	Review the signs and symptoms of true and false labor
	Review the assessment of laboring patient
Intrapartum Care	Describe stages of labor
mapartam care	Review pain management strategies
	Review methods for monitoring mother and fetus
	Review indications for operative delivery
Intrapartum Fetal	Review techniques of fetal monitoring
Surveillance	Review how to interpret electronic fetal monitoring
	Discuss the prevalence of uterine leiomyomas
Leiomyoma	Describe the symptoms and physical findings in patients with uterine leiomyomas
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Describe the diagnostic methods to confirm uterine leiomyomas
	List the management options for the treatment of uterine leiomyomas
	Identify the following medical and surgical conditions in pregnancy and discuss the
	potential impact of the conditions on the gravid patient and the fetus/newborn, as
	well as the impact of pregnancy (if any) on each condition, and appropriate initial
	evaluation:
	Anemia
	 Endocrine disorders (Diabetes mellitus, Thyroid disease)
Medical Complications of	Cardiovascular disease
Pregnancy	Hypertension
g a ,	Pulmonary disease
	Renal disease
	Gastrointestinal disease
	Neurologic disease
	Autoimmune disorders
	Alcohol, tobacco, and substance abuse
	Surgical abdomen
	- m Green warennen.

	 Infectious disease, including: Syphilis, TORCH, Group B Streptococcus, Hepatitis, HIV, HPV, Parvovirus,
	Varicella Define the normal menstrual cycle and describe its endocrinology and physiology Define abnormal uterine bleeding
Normal and Abnormal Uterine Bleeding	Describe the pathophysiology and identify etiologies of abnormal uterine bleeding Discuss the steps in evaluation of abnormal uterine bleeding
	Explain medical and surgical management options for patients with abnormal uterine bleeding
Menopause	Counsel patients about management options for abnormal uterine bleeding Define menopause and describe changes in the hypothalamic-pituitary-ovarian axis associated with perimenopause and menopause
	Recognize symptoms and physical exam findings related to perimenopause and menopause
	Discuss management options for patients with perimenopausal and menopausal symptoms
Patient Relations:	Counsel patients regarding the menopausal transition Discuss long-term changes associated with menopause Review ethical principles
Professionalism, informed consent, and abortion	Review principles of informed consent Understand the role of confidentiality in patient care
,	Describe legal and ethical issues in the care of minors Describe issues of justice relating to access to obstetric and gynecologic care
	Recognize the role of physician as a leader advocate for women Explain ethical dilemmas in obstetrics and gynecology
Pelvic Organ Prolapse/Incontinence	Describe normal pelvic anatomy and pelvic support Describe screening questions to elicit signs and symptoms of urinary incontinence Differentiate the types of urinary incontinence
	Describe the anatomic changes associated with urinary incontinence and pelvic organ prolapse Describe medical and surgical management options for urinary incontinence and
	pelvic organ prolapse
PMS/PMDD/Dysmenorrhea	Identify the criteria for making the diagnosis of Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS) and Premenstrual Dysphoric Disorder (PMDD) List treatment options for PMS and PMDD

Preterm Premature Rupture of Membranes/Preterm Labor	List the history, physical findings, and diagnostic methods to confirm the rupture of the membranes Identify the risk factors for premature rupture of membranes Describe the risks and benefits of expectant management versus immediate delivery, based on gestational age Describe the methods to monitor maternal and fetal status during expectant
Sexual Assault/Domestic Violence	Identify patients at increased risk for sexual assault Describe the medical and psychosocial management of a victim of sexual assault Cite prevalence and incidence of violence against women, elder abuse, and child abuse Demonstrate screening methods to assess for intimate partner/domestic violence Communicate the available resources for victims of intimate partner/domestic violence, including short-term safety
Sexually Transmitted Infections/Vaginitis	Formulate a differential diagnosis for vulvovaginitis Interpret a wet mount microscopic examination Describe the variety of dermatologic disorders of the vulva Discuss the steps in the evaluation and management of a patient with vulvovaginal symptoms
Third Trimester Bleeding/Postpartum Hemorrhage	List the causes of third trimester bleeding Describe the initial evaluation of a patient with third trimester bleeding Differentiate the signs and symptoms of third trimester bleeding Describe the maternal and fetal complications of placenta previa and abruption placenta Describe the initial evaluation and management plan for acute blood loss List the indications and potential complications of blood product transfusion

CSP: OB/GYN